## Prevention for Women without Prenatal Care: Rapid HIV Testing Workshop

Goal:

To increase knowledge about voluntary rapid HIV testing in late pregnancy as a crucial opportunity for health care intervention for both mother and infant

## **Objectives:**

- To assist states in extending the benefits of short-course antiretroviral therapy to pregnant women with little or no prenatal care in high HIV prevalence areas
- To provide an overview of the CDC-sponsored Mother-Infant Rapid Intervention at Delivery (MIRIAD) study in 5 US cities
- To invite states to share their expertise with rapid HIV testing in labor
- To discuss availability and performance characteristics of HIV rapid tests
- To discuss potential implementation strategies and the informed consent process

## **Schedule of Speakers and Topics:**

Development of a statewide standard of care: the New Jersey experience
Sindy Paul
Charity Hospital, New Orleans Marc Bulterys
Update on the MIRIAD study Marc Bulterys
Informed consent during labor Denise Jamieson
Rapid HIV test performance Carol Fridlund/Bernie Branson
Discussion / State perspectives Group

## **Selected Discussion Points:**

- Informed consent process for voluntary rapid HIV testing among women in labor (or, if not feasible, soon after birth)
- Late registrant mothers presenting after 34 weeks of pregnancy with unknown HIV status
- Targeted or universal HIV retesting in late pregnancy
- Starting antiretroviral (ARV) prophylaxis prior to a confirmatory HIV test result
- Subsequent receipt of ARV treatment and related services for women identified as HIV infected
- The need for a "statewide standard of care"